Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listing of claims in this application.

Listing of Claims:

1-14. (Canceled)

- 15. (Currently Amended: The process of claim 3 A process for selectively removing large catalyst particles from a reaction system, wherein the reaction system comprises a reaction zone and a disengaging zone, the process comprising the steps of:
 - (a) feeding a plurality of catalyst particles into the reaction zone, wherein the plurality of catalyst particles comprises a molecular sieve selected from the group consisting of SAPO-5, SAPO-8, SAPO-11, SAPO-16, SAPO-17, SAPO-18, SAPO-20, SAPO-31, SAPO-34, SAPO-35, SAPO-36, SAPO-37, SAPO-40, SAPO-41, SAPO-42, SAPO-44, SAPO-47, SAPO-56, AEI/CHA intergrowths, metal containing forms thereof, intergrown forms thereof, and mixtures thereof;
 - (b) contacting the plurality of catalyst particles with a feedstock comprising an oxygenate in the reaction zone under conditions effective to convert at least a portion of the feedstock to product comprising light olefins;
 - (c) separating a portion of the catalyst particles from the product in a disengaging zone:
 - (d) directing a portion of the plurality of catalyst particles separated in the disengaging zone to a counter-flow cyclone separator, wherein the portion of the plurality of catalyst particles has a first median particle diameter:
 - (c) separating the portion of the plurality of catalyst particles in the counter-flow cyclone separator into a small catalyst stream and a large catalyst stream by modulating flow rate of a gas stream to the cyclone separator to control particle size of the catalyst streams, wherein the small catalyst stream has a second median particle diameter less than the first median particle diameter; and
 - (f) directing at least a portion of the small catalyst stream to the reaction system.

16-19. (Canceled)

20. (Currently Amended): The process of claim 3, wherein step (b) forms an at least partially deactivated catalyst, the process further comprising the step of: A process for selectively removing large catalyst particles from a reaction system, wherein the reaction system comprises a reaction zone, and a disengaging zone, the process comprising the steps of:

- (a) feeding a plurality of catalyst particles into the reaction zone;
- (b) contacting the plurality of catalyst particles with a feedstock in the reaction zone under conditions effective to convert at least a portion of the feedstock to product and to at least partially deactivate at least a portion of the catalyst particles:
- (c) separating a portion of the catalyst particles from the product in a disengaging zone;
- (f)(d) regenerating the at least a portion of the partially deactivated catalyst in a catalyst regenerator to form the portion of the plurality of regenerated catalyst particles.
- (e) wherein step (e) comprises directing the <u>at least a portion</u> of the <u>phurality of regenerated</u> catalyst particles from the catalyst regenerator to the separation unit a counter-flow cyclone separator, wherein the portion of the regenerated catalyst particles has a first median particle diameter;
- (f) separating the regenerated catalyst particles in the counter-flow cyclone separator into a small catalyst stream and a large catalyst stream by modulating flow rate of a gas stream to the cyclone separator to control particle size of the catalyst streams, wherein the small catalyst stream has a second median particle diameter less than the first median particle diameter; and
- (g) directing at least a portion of the small catalyst stream to the reaction system.
- 21. (Currently Amended): The process of claim 3, wherein step (b) forms an at least partially deactivated entalyst, the process further comprising the step of: A process for selectively removing large catalyst particles from a reaction system, wherein the reaction system comprises a reaction zone, and a disengaging zone, the process comprising the steps of:
 - (a) feeding a plurality of catalyst particles into the reaction zone;
 - (b) contacting the plurality of catalyst particles with a feedstock in the reaction zone under conditions effective to convert at least a portion of the feedstock to product and to at least partially deactivate at least a portion of the catalyst particles;

- (c) separating a portion of the catalyst particles from the product in a disengaging zone;
- (f)(d) stripping the at least a portion of the partially deactivated catalyst in a catalyst stripper to form the portion of the plurality of stripped catalyst particles;
- (e) wherein step (e) comprises directing the at least a portion of the plurality of stripped catalyst particles from the catalyst stripper to the separation unit a counter-flow cyclone separator, wherein the portion of the stripped catalyst particles has a first median particle diameter;
- (f) separating the stripped catalyst particles in the counter-flow cyclone separator into a small catalyst stream and a large catalyst stream by modulating flow rate of a gas stream to the cyclone separator to control particle size of the catalyst streams, wherein the small catalyst stream has a second median particle diameter less than the first median particle diameter; and
- (g) directing at least a portion of the small catalyst stream to the reaction system.
- 22. (Currently Amended): The process of claim 3, wherein the process further comprises the step of: A process for selectively removing large catalyst particles from a reaction system, wherein the reaction system comprises a reaction zone, and a disengaging zone, the process comprising the steps of:
 - (a) feeding a plurality of catalyst particles into the reaction zone:
 - (b) contacting the plurality of catalyst particles with a feedstock in the reaction zone under conditions effective to convert at least a portion of the feedstock to product;
 - (c) separating a portion of the catalyst particles from the product in a disengaging zone;
 - (d) removing at least a portion of the separated catalyst particles from the disengaging zone;
 - (f)(e) cooling a heated catalyst particle from the reaction at least a portion of the particles removed from the disengaging zone in a catalyst cooler,
 - (f) wherein step (c) comprises directing the at least a portion of the plurality of cooled catalyst particles from the catalyst cooler to the separation unit a counter-flow cyclone separator, wherein the portion of the stripped catalyst particles has a first median particle diameter;

- (g) separating the cooled catalyst particles in the counter-flow cyclone separator into a small catalyst stream and a large catalyst stream by modulating flow rate of a gas stream to the cyclone separator to control particle size of the catalyst streams, wherein the small catalyst stream has a second median particle diameter less than the first median particle diameter; and
- (h) directing at least a portion of the small catalyst stream to the reaction system.

23-104. (Canceled)

- 105. (Currently Amended): The reaction process of claim [[104]]113, wherein the catalyst particles are separated from the product in a disengaging zone having a larger cross sectional area than that of the reaction zone.
- 106. (Currently Amended): The reaction process of claim [[104]]113, wherein the separation unit is selected from the group consisting of: a cyclone separator, a settling vessel, a screen, and an air classifier.
- 107. (Currently Amended): The reaction process of claim [[104]]113, wherein the separation unit comprises a counter-flow cyclone separator.
- 108. (Currently Amended): The reaction process of claim [[104]]113, wherein the feedstock comprises an oxygenate and the product comprises light olefins.
- 109. (Currently Amended): The reaction process of claim [[104]]113, wherein the first catalyst stream has a median particle diameter greater than 20 microns and less than 120 microns.
- 110. (Currently Amended): The process of claim 104, wherein step (b) forms A reaction process in which catalyst particles are separated according to median particle size and directed to a reaction zone, the process comprising the steps of:
 - a) contacting catalyst particles with a feedstock in the reaction zone to convert at least a portion of the feedstock to product and form an at least partially deactivated catalyst, the process further comprising the step of:
 - b) separating a portion of the partially deactivated catalyst particles from the product:

- c) regenerating the at least a portion of the partially deactivated catalyst in a catalyst regenerator and directing at least a portion of the regenerated catalyst from the catalyst regenerator to a the separation unit:
- d) modulating flow rate of a gas stream to the separation unit to separate catalyst

 particles in the separation unit into a first catalyst stream having a median particle

 diameter smaller than that of a second catalyst stream; and
- e) directing at least a portion of the first catalyst stream to the reaction zone.
- 111. (Currently Amended): The process of claim 104, wherein step (b) forms A reaction process in which catalyst particles are separated according to median particle size and directed to a reaction zone, the process comprising the steps of:
 - a) contacting catalyst particles with a feedstock in the reaction zone to convert at least a portion of the feedstock to product and form an at least partially deactivated catalyst, the process further comprising the step of:
 - b) separating a portion of the partially deactivated catalyst particles from the product:
 - c) stripping the at least a portion of the partially deactivated catalyst in a catalyst stripper and directing at least a portion of the <u>stripped</u> catalyst from the catalyst stripper to <u>a</u> the separation unit;
 - d) modulating flow rate of a gas stream to the separation unit to separate catalyst

 particles in the separation unit into a first catalyst stream having a median particle

 diameter smaller than that of a second catalyst stream; and
 - e) directing at least a portion of the first catalyst stream to the reaction zone.
- 112. (Currently Amended): The process of claim 104, wherein the process further comprises the step of: A reaction process in which catalyst particles are separated according to median particle size and directed to a reaction zone, the process comprising the steps of:
 - a) contacting catalyst particles with a feedstock in the reaction zone to convert at least a portion of the feedstock to product;
 - b) separating a portion of the catalyst particles from the product:
 - c) cooling heated catalyst <u>separated</u> from the product in the reaction system in a catalyst cooler and:

- d) directing at least a portion of the cooled catalyst from the catalyst cooler to the a separation unit;
- e) modulating flow rate of a gas stream to the separation unit to separate catalyst particles in the separation unit into a first catalyst stream having a median particle diameter smaller than that of a second catalyst stream; and
- directing at least a portion of the first catalyst stream to the reaction zone. f)
- 113. (Currently Amended): The process of claim 104, A reaction process in which catalyst particles are separated according to median particle size and directed to a reaction zone, the process comprising the steps of:
 - a) contacting catalyst particles with a feedstock in the reaction zone to convert at least a portion of the feedstock to product;
 - b) separating a portion of the catalyst particles from the product:
 - directing at least a portion of the separated catalyst particles to a separation unit;
 - d) modulating flow rate of a gas stream to the separation unit to separate catalyst particles in the separation unit into a first catalyst stream having a median particle diameter smaller than that of a second catalyst stream;
 - e) directing at least a portion of the first catalyst stream to the reaction zone, and
 - wherein the process further comprises monitoring the median particle diameter of the first catalyst stream.
- 114. (Previously Presented): The process of claim 113, wherein the monitoring is performed by a laser scattering particle size analyzer, a Coulter counter, a device for determining rate of sedimentation, or a mechanical screening device.